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WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1893-TWENTY PAGES.

TWO CENTS.

SENSATION IN PARIS.

Bomb Explosion in the French Chamber of Deputies.

CNE PERSON KILLED AND OTHERS HURT.

Great Excitement Among the Law Makers.

AN AMERICAN INJURED.

PARIS, Dec. 9.—Great excitement has been caused by a dynamite outrage committed within the chamber of deputies. While the house was in session this after-

noon a stranger who was occupying a seat in the gallery threw a dynamite bomb to the floor of the chamber. As the bomb struck it exploded with terrific noise, and pieces of the metal casing

were thrown in every direction. A time fuse was attached to the bomb, and the explosion occurred before the mis-

An American lady, who was in the public gallery, received a slight wound on the fore-nead. Two other ladies, who were in the lower gallery, were injured. A man who was sitting next to the bomb-thrower was

The bomb was thrown from an upper gallery. All the members of the house and all the people in the galleries were panic strickreporter picked up from the floor of

the house bits of metal and horse shoe nails which had evidently been loaded into the bomb with the explosive. After considerable delay order was re-tored among the members and the business of the chamber was resumed

THE TROUBLE IN MEXICO. Minister Romero Tells of the Periodical Small Outbreaks.

Recent published accounts of battles and a probable early revolutionary movement in on the border had been suppressed, have led Mr. Remero, the Mexican minister, to make a statement regarding the troubles.

"Early last November," says Mr. Romero, "about twenty-eight men attacked the cus-"about twenty-eight men attacked the custom house at Las Palomas and stole \$203 aid in making the meetings a success, he from the safe. More than half the number crossed the line to the United States, and those remaining in Mexico took to the mountains to avoid prosecution. The latter afterward dispersed entirely without attacking any other place and without disturbing the peace on the frontier or throughout Mexico.

"It has been stated that the revolutionists for liquor licenses were disposed of: had 10,000 men, when it is known that their number never exceeded thirty. It has been stated that there was an uprising in the character, ending with submission government of all the malcontents, before lutionists, when they are at peace, and the lutionists, when they are at peace, and the sections of the country inhabited by them J. Roche, 302 N street northwest; James are situated at great distances from Las Palomas, with natural obstacles so insur-mountable that the concentration of the alleged forces in a few days would not be

As these incursions into Mexico, insignificant in themselves, but magnified by mis-representation, have periodically taken place the last four years, and always at the end of each year, there are several theories to explain them. Some believe they are in-tended to affect the prices of Mexican securities, and others think it is only a trick scare tourists from this country who intend to go to Mexico in search of a milder climate during the winter."

AN ANTI-OPTION BILL.

Representative Hatch Says That An-

other Measure Will Be Introduced. Representative Hatch of Missouri, chairman of the House committee on agriculture, and the champion of the anti-option bill, said today that an anti-option bill will be introduced at this session and a motion made to refer it to the committee on agriculture. The bill which will be introduced will be a modification of the anti-option bill of the last Congress insomuch that it will not impose a license upon legitimate sales ond street northwest; James H. Costello, by owners of commodities under contract to 405 Tenth street northwest; Henry Bush, deliver them at the time stated.

It is expected that there will be the usual fight against the reference of this bill to the committee on agriculture, the opponents of the measure desiring its reference to the committee on ways and means. Similar isues have been made before upon bills of this character, and have resulted always in a victory for the agricultural committee, and points of order made against the reporting of such bills from that committee, on the ground that the agricultural committee had no authority to report bills rais ing revenue, have been overruled, Speaker Carlisle holding that the reference of the bill to the committee by a direct vote of the House conferred upon the committee the

THE REQUEST REFUSED.

Contributions Cannot Be Solicited in the Treasury Department. ney, junior vice commander Department of

the Potomac, G. A. R.: "Dear Sir: Your application to the chief clerk for a permit to collect contributions street in the treasury building, for a Christmas dinner for the indigent old soldiers of the Department of the Potomac, G. A. R., has been referred to me for consideration, and I have the honor to advise you that the rules of this department prohibit all persons from canvassing in the building for the sale of Daly articles, or for the solicitation of subscrip- Schmidt, 702 7th street northwest. tions or contributions of money for any purpose, and that I have caused this rule to be strictly enforced against all applicants for

such privileges. "Many applications have been made by associations and committees for permission to solicit subscriptions and contributions for 3d street southwest. to solicit subscriptions and contributions for various charitable and religious purposes, but all have been refused. Any other course would subject the business of the depart-ment to almost daily interruptions, and besides, such a permit when exhibited or an-nounced to subordinate officers and employes in the building is frequently undertood by them as conveying an intimation hat the head of the department desires or expects them to comply with the requests made, and consequently they do not feel free to withhold contributions, which many

of them can ill afford to make. "As the clerks and other employes in this department are engaged here only seven hours during the day, their whole time is for the performance of their duties, and ample opportunity is afforded for upon them when they are not thus employed.

I am constrained, therefore, in the terest of the public business, and in justice to others who have unsuccessfully made similar applications, to decline to suspend the rule in this case."

The Well-Known Evangelist Will Hold a Series of Meetings Here.

Convention Hall to Be Secured-Sankey to Assist-United Action of Protestant Churches.

evangelist, has finally decided to come to Washington this winter and conduct a se ries of meetings. He will be accompanied by Mr. Ira B. Sankey, who has been Mr. Moody's able assistant for several years, and the meetings will be full of interest. TO BE READY NEXT FALL. The date of his visit was fixed by Mr. Moody for the 1st of February, and the meetings will be held during the entire

The decision on the part of Mr. Moody to ing site in a central location in this city. come here this winter was the result of an The purchaser is Mr. John W. Albaugh, the extremely urgent invitation which came to well-known and popular manager of theahim from the pastors of the Protestant ters here and in Baltimore. He proposes churches of the city. At the meeting of the to continue to cater to the amusement lovpastors Rev. Dr. Teunis S. Hamlin, the ing public, and with this purpose in view pastor of the Church of the Covenant, pre- he has secured a block of ground, where he sided, and as the result of the full and intends to erect a splendid theater building. complete expression of opinion on the part of those present it was decided to make an of H street between 13th and 14th streets. and the explosion occurred before the missile reached the floor of the chamber. The bomb burst close to the head of M. Lemire committee was appointed, of which Mr. W. and killed an usher, who was standing near R. Woodward was chairman, to take such real estate dealers, and the exact considersteps as seemed to be necessary to secure ation by which the owner, Mr. Widdicombe, the services of Mr. Moody. A correspon-dence was entered into, and such progress was made that a telegram was received from Mr. Moody on Thursday last requesting a conference of representatives of the committee at the Park Avenue Hotel in New York city. A committee was sent to New York, and they had a conference with Mr. Moody, with the result that he reached to the building line it is the stance. the decision as above stated. Ready to Receive Him.

"It is stated by the members of the committee that now Mr. Moody has decided to come here active measures will at once be adopted to complete all the details of the arrangements. It is expected that the meetings will be held in Convention Hall, which has a seating capacity of 6,000. There will be two daily meetings held. A large choir will be formed, and other arrangements arrangements will be formed, and other arrangements guare foot.

This will correspond with the east side, where there is an alley along the entire west side. This will correspond with the east side, where there is an alley along the entire west side. This will correspond with the east side, where there is an alley along the entire west side. This will correspond with the east side, where there is an alley along the entire west side. This will correspond with the east side, where there is an alley along the entire distance from the front to the rear. In fact this complete isolation of the ground by alleys on all sides was one of the main reasons, in addition to its admirable central location, which led Mr. Albaugh to select it. The ground contains 13,680 square feet and the price paid is nearly \$8 per mittee that now Mr. Moody has decided to

made. Mr. Moody was assured that his coming here is at the special desire and request of those representing the Protestant churches Mexico, after the receipt of official advices of the city. As is well known to those faby the War Department that the outbreaks miliar with Mr. Moody's work, he insists as a condition of starting a series of meetings in any place that they shall be car-ried on in strict co-operation with the ried on in strict co-operation with the churches. If he had not been assured that the churches of Washington not only dewould not have consented to come.

APPROVED AND REJECTED.

The Excise Board Acts on Many License Applications.

At the meeting of the excise board yesterday afternoon the following applications

Retail Approved. Gioseppi Montegari, 911 D street northwest: James Rutherford, 906 D street norththen the only trouble was of a purely local west; William J. Donovan, 1528 7th street to the northwest; Augustus Willige, 1320 E street Sullivan, 747 4th street northwest: Thomas T. Luckett, 468 Pennsylvania avenue north-west; John H. Gates, 1225 11th street northeast; Michael B. Scanlon, 408 9th street northwest; Daniel O'Connell, 605 C street northwest; Louis Schnebel, 533 8th street southeast; John Lynch, 404 9th street north-west; George W. Myers, 312 13 1-2 street northwest; Frederick Holmes, 1229 C street northwest; Hugh Cosgrove, 218 9th northwest; Margeretha Bohn, 1400 Mary land avenue northeast; Barbara Clements, 1435 H street northeast; Michael J. O'Conner, 2701 K street northwest; Barbara M Baier, 1002 Pennsylvania avenue northwest; James J. Flanagan, 1714 F street northwest: T. McCullum, 317 est; Sophia Lurig, street northwest; James Ryan, 321 C street southwest; Bernhard Lieb, southwest corner Fourth and K streets north west; Jacob Bruegger, 430 Elghth street northwest; John Daly, 300 Second street southwest; Christopher Hager, 1307 ty-second street northwest; William J. O'Leary, 700 North Capitol street; Chris-tine Ockershausen, 515 Seventh street southwest; Samuel G. Stewart, 1141 Seventh street northwest; Otto Statter, avenue southwest; George Parker, 443 First street southwest; Charles Dietz, 601 Seventh street northwest; Abraham L. and John M. Eshleman, 239 Sec-421 Tenth street northwest; John Danhakl street southwest; Peter J. Duffy harles W. Leannarda, American and Charles House, 315 and 317 Seventh street north-west; John Curton, 3258 M street northwest; John Schlotterback, jr., 937 and 939 Fourth street northwest; W. H. Selden, Metropolitan Hotel; Daniel Buckley, 705 E street northwest; M. F. Coughin, 1600 T street northwest; John D. Evans, 120 street southeast; Mary C. Cobb, Cobb's Hotel, 1000 E street northwest; James L. Wolfe, 3004 M street northwest; Patrick Bush, 1305 E street northwest; Jeremiah J. Brosnan, 732 Second street southwest; John J. Brosnan, 500 Four-and-a-half southwest; William L. Wells, 363 M street southwest; John M. Becker, 1120 Eighth street southeast; Charles T. Morgan, 729 Eighth street southeast; Edward T. McKenney, 620 11th street southwest; John McKenna, 3057 K street northwest; Robert F. Schulz, 607 G street northwest; The Secretary of the Treasury has written the following letter to Mr. B. T. Jan- John B. Buckley, 1836 T street northwest; John W. Werner, 2006 I street northwest; James L. O'Connor, 66 H street northeast; David Hagerty, 1203 Pennsylvania avenue northwest; Patrick Riordan, 1355 41-2 street southwest; John J. Sullivan, 1139 1st street northwest; Cassie M. Leahy, 1001 6th street southwest; William Ryan, 221 3d street southwest; Adolph Meinking, 507 Q reet northwest; Lawrence Hickey, 329 ennsylvania avenue northwest; Michael street Dougherty, 3328 M street northwest: Chas. Sautter, 502 9th street northwest: John French, 205 7th street northwest: Patrick

Mrs. Hannah Murphy, 739 North Capitol street; August Achstetter, 228 C street northeast; Mrs. Mary Wittmer, 2901 M street northwest; Dennis M. Pumphrey, 315

THIS IS SAD.

One Treasury Clerk Passes as Widow of a Live Man.

The regulation looking to the dismissal of treasury employes who are in the flepart- Much of the matter which the report will ment under names not legally their own, contain was outlined in the interview which will lead to at least one dismissal, if a statement made in the early part of the week at the court house is true. After this party had examined one or two of the equity dockets and some of the records of marriage licenses, he left, and, meeting a friend in the hall, said: "Well, I have got my data. It's bad enough to have a woman bear my name when she has no right to it, but to claim that she is my widow when I am still here in good health is too and I am going to see about it. Here have the data. I was divorced from he over ten years ago and she married a Balti-

Mr. John W. Albaugh Purchases a Centrally Located Site.

FOR SUMMER AND WINTER AMUSEMENTS

Mr. Dwight L. Moody, the well-known The Building Will be of the Spanish Renaissance Design.

Over \$100,000 have just been agreed upon as the price for the purchase of a build-The location selected is on the north side transfers his right and title to the ground is \$106,500. The ground secured is ample for the purposes. It has a frontage of 95 feet and a depth of 144 feet to a 30-foot alley. Along the west side and nearly to to the building line it is the purpose to have the new building recede from the party line, so as to leave space for an extension of the alley along the entire west side.

A Handsome Design.

square foot.

A design for the proposed theater building has been made by W. Bruce Gray and Aristide Rodrigue, and while the exterior is an effective example of the Spanish renaissance, with its arcades and square towers and tiled roof, worked out with buff brick and light stone, yet after all it is upon the interior that the largest amount of time and thought has been spent. The entrance will be directly from the street mittee expect to report the bill on Wednes-and on a level with the street. The feature day, putting some single internal revenue entrance will be directly from the street and on a level with the street. The feature of the interior will be the ample exits, not only for the first floor, but for the two galleries. There will be doors opening out on all the four sides and they are to be connected electrically so that they can be opened promptly at any time. There will be a seating capacity for about 1,800. An admirable feature will be the location of the heating and electric light plants in a vault outside of the building. The construction of the building will be as nearly fireproof as possible. fireproof as possible The plans of the interior

south of Mexico against the government, west; Martin Mulroe, 400 13th street north- in general that of other theaters, has in addition a feature which is entirely novel and and is to be used as a summer theater northwest; William Hessler, 1017 E street northwest; John Kaiser, 1314 32d street end and the canopy of heaven is to be the It has been stated, also, that the Yaqui and Temochic Indians had joined the revoarcade as found in the design of the exterior. Access to the summer theater will be either by staircase or by elevator. The two parts of the building will be entirely distinct, and for that matter it will be possible for a performance to be going on on the stage below while artists are enter taining an audience under the starlit sky

Ready Next Fall.

above.

It is expected that the work of constructing this building will be begun early in the spring so that it will be completed and ready for occupation next October. Mr. Albaugh's lease of the opera house in this city, which bears his name, expires next year. It is his intention upon the erection of the new theater building to remove his residence to this city and to devote his entire time to its management.

CIVIL SERVICE REPORT.

It Will Be Given Out Tomorrow and

Will Be a Double Affair. The annual report of the civil service commission will be given to the press tomorrow evening. It was sent to the President about two weeks ago and to the printer yesterday. Proof slips for press associations have been taken, and the matter will be released by the commission tomorrow. As was the case last year, there is a majority report signed by Commissioners Roosevelt and Lyman, and a minority report by Mr. Johnson. This year the breach between the majority and the minority reports is wider than it was last year. At be extended to all the branches of the government to which it appropriately could be, as, for instance, navy yards, internal revefree delivery post offices and to certain departments of the government of the District of Columbia. Mr. Johnson contented himself with subscribing to this excepting that last clause, which began stance," etc. This year his report directly antagonizes the commission points, especially concerning the extension of civil service. The Star man was informed on very reliable authority that Mr. Johnson this year objects to many things to which in last year's report he subscribed. It was this fact, it is said, which induced tion and then to dismiss him. Commission-Roosevelt and Lyman represented to President that they and Mr. Johnson could not work in the same harness, and Johnson went. The majority report will show that during the past eight months there has not been an undue number of partisan removals and appointments. Practically there have not been any either un-White, 630 2d street northwest: Theodol.

Plitt, 521 Q street northwest; Edward J. der the Harrison or Cleveland administration of the Plitt, 521 Q street northwest, and Louis tions within the classified service. The report, it is thought, will call attention to the number of dismissals and appoint. ments in the examiners' corps of the pension bureau, but it is probable that the commission will say that these are due to certain defects in the law. During the first eight months of the Harrison administration the total number of appointments was 305, and during a corresponding period of the Cleveland administration the appointments numthan under the Harrison regime, but this aid of this expedition. number of people in the classified service who have entered through the civil service channel than there was four years ago. Commissioner Roosevelt accorded a reporter for The Star a few days ago.

Col. Lamont for Governor.

ic candidate for governor of New York will, if the plans of those who are now engaged in some new politics here succeed, be none other than Col. Daniel S. Lamont, at present Secretary of War in Mr. Cleveland's cabinet. This new movement has the nomination of Col

The Proposed Income Tax and the Sugar Schedules.

These Are the Questions That Are Most Affecting the Democrats of the House at Present.

The bottom seemed to have dropped out of everything at the Capitol today. Neither house is in session. Few statesmen were in the building and practically nothing was being done or talked about. The questions the House most are the income tax controversy and the conflicting opinions as to how the sugar schedule shall be adjusted, and whether or not there shall be a caucus over the tariff bill. The indications point strongly to the substitution of a graduating individual compact for the tax on corporations, which the committee has adopted and Mr. Cleveland has indorsed.

Petition for Individual Tax. The advocates of the individual tax are circulating a petition systematically among the various delegations, asking the committee to substitute the individual tax. It is action of the committee in the end. If so, it is not at all improbable that the income tax question being presented in that way to Congress will fail. The committee then would be forced to an increased whisky tax and a tax on sugar. At present there is a tacit understanding in the committee that nothing is to be done with whisky, but cir-cumstances may change their purposes in this respect.

Pressure on the Sugar Question. On the sugar question considerable pressure is being brought, and threats are made that with the sugar schedule, as it is in the Wilson bill, the measure cannot get through the Senate. If the caucus, which some of the democrats are trying to get up, is held, the sugar question will be dealt with. It is almost certain from the prevailing sentiments in the House that every vesture of bounty will be stricken out of the bill, and the probabilities are that unless the income tax fails there will be no additional duty on sugar put in by the House. The manner which this question will be dealt with in the Senate is another thing.

Probable Senate Amendments. The general impression is that the sugar schedule, as it goes through the House, will be as it is in the Wilson bill with the bounty provision stricken off, and that the Senate will amend the bill by providing a duty on sugar. The ways and means comfeature in it so as to make it amendable by adding the other features hereafter as they are decided on.

Representatives of interests materially affected by the tariff bill have brought such pressure upon their Congressmen that some opposition may be expected not only from republicans, but from certain of the democratic majority as well. Some of the democrats assert openly that they will op-pose the bill if concessions are not made to them, but, as a rule, the dissatisfaction is more implied than expressed.

Mr. Simpson for the Populists. Mr. Simpson (Kan.) was asked today what position the populist members of the House would assume toward the measure. He replied that free wool was a discrimination against the farmers of the west, and that if a greater cut were not made in woolen manufactures the populists would protest. Free salt, the Kansas Representative com-plains, is another blow at one of his home industries that he proposes opposing. Mr. Simpson asserts that free salt is a "finished and as much entitled to protecion as other articles similarly classified. asking the ways and means committee to put them on an equal footing with the Cali-fornia manufacturers. Under the present law an exemption is made of the tax or their wines. The New Yorkers ask that this discrimination be removed, and that the California producers either pay the tax or that the exemption apply to the eastern

MR. STEIN'S ARCTIC EXPEDITION. The Plans Formally Indorsed by the

Geographic Society.

Details of the expedition to Ellesmere Land proposed by Mr. Robert Stein have appeared in The Star. The project has been under consideration by a committee of the National Geographic Society, composed of Gen. A. W. Greely, Marcus Baker, W. J. McGee, Chief Engineer Geo. V. Melville and Dr. W. H. Dall. This committee has made | The Davenport Inquiry Raises a Num a report to the board of managers of the society, indorsing the project, and the board has adopted it. The report is as follows: The plan contemplates the occupation of a station on the shores of Ellesmere Land in Jones' Sound for about fifteen months. from, say July, 1894, to September, 1895. Equipments for permanent camp, coast and that time the majority report recommended that the application of the civil service law be extended to all the branches of the govin 1894, and taken off by the same vessel in Connor, 305 Tenth street northwest; Louis nue, custom houses of certain classes, to tions will be made of terrestrial magnetism, meteorology and hydrography, while geo-logical researches can be made in connection with explorations of the adjacent unknown regions about Jones' Sound and Belcher Channel. The estimated cost of the expedition is \$10,000. Concerning this project your committee unanimously concur as to the following

They pelieve that this expedition to a point lying in the path of the whalers who annually visit the western waters of Baffin bay is thoroughly safe and practicable; that it is desirable for scientific purposes and for geographic exploration; and that no part of the Arctic regions gives promise of greater opportunities for extensive discoveries, with minimum of danger, hardship and ex-

2. They pelieve that the estimate of \$10,-0.0 is sufficient to cover the necessary ex-penses, but that the returns from the expedition could be materially enlarged by an additional sum of \$3,000 or \$4,000. 3. The detailed data and plan presented by Mr. Stein favorably impress the committee as to his energy, persistence and knowledge of the problems involved in the pro-ject. They believe, however, that the selection of the personnel and the fitting out of the expedition should be made under the advice of three recognized experts, one regarding maritime outfit, one on scientific outfit, and a third for regular supplies and

4. Your committee recommend that there be appropriated out of the treasury of the bered but 194. The percentage of removals National Geographic Society such sum as under the present administration is smaller the board may see fit at the proper time, in

Another Bankruptey Bill. Mr. Bailey of Texas, now that the Tory

bankruptcy bill has been defeated, proposes to reintroduce his bankruptcy bill, which provides for voluntary bankruptcy only, and is much more mild and liberal than the bill which provided for both vol-Col. Lamont for Governor.

A New York special to the Philadelphia Press says: The next democratic candidate for governor of New in the bill which provided for both voluntary and involuntary and was defeated because it was believed to involve many hardships upon debtors. It is thought that an involuntary bankruptcy bill may receive favorable consideration.

They Were Remembered. The late chief clerk of the Navy Depart-

ment, Mr. John Hogg, had two faithful friends in William Pierre and John Evans, colored messengers in that department, and

MOODY COMING. A NEW THEATER. TARIFF BILL GOSSIP. INTENSE ANXIETY A NEW

In Administrative Circles in Regard to Hawaiian News.

NO CHANGE IN THE SITUATION

Received Today.

which are still affecting the democrats of MINISTER THURSTON'S TRIP. coinage men, and now, after he has witness-

At no time since the country was inwailan situation been so keen in adminis- now prepared a plan, which has been subtration circles as it is today. The expected mitted to the House committee on banking course Thursday has been knocked into and Secretary Gresham was made known to government paper issues. the various executive departments on the ined by Mr. Walker as follows:

they had merely a languid interest in the outcome of the whole affair. Naval officers made no attempt to conceal their great desire for information. They made frequent inquiry of the newspaper men as to the latest news and commented and prophesied

concerning the outcome.

This intense anxiety, for it can be rightly called such, applied to all persons in the State. War and Navy Department, whether they concealed it or not, and it was fostered and fed by the stray scraps of news brought to San Exercises. Per Townsond. Auckland to San Francisco, Port Townsend, Auckland and elsewhere by vessels that nad sailed from Honolulu prior and subsequent to the date for the arrival of the mail steamer carrying copies of the letter of Secretary Gresham to President Cleveland advocating the restoration of the ex-queen. There never was a time since the war, perhaps, when government officials were in such a state of excited curiosity over an expected sensation

Important News Expected Monday. Monday next is the day when the important details are expected to arrive. The regular mail steamer from Honolulu is due in San Francisco on that day. According to the Auckland dispatch the steamer Monowai, bringing the Gresham letter disclosing the policy of the administration, arrived in Honolulu November 23, while the mail be covered in the press dispatches. If those eleven days did not develop something important enough to have a prominent place in the history of Hawali officials of the government will be very much surprised and the control of the c in the history of Hawaii officials of the gov-ernment will be very much surprised and not a few of them very much disappointed.

Minister Thurston's Mission. It seems to be pretty definitely settled that Minister Thurston is on his way to San thence for Honolulu. He left Washington isting law.

Thursday and will have ample time to catch the mail steamer Alameda, which catch the mail steamer Alameda, which to be forced back to the bank issuing them leaves next Thursday. He is not making a race against the Corwin, for the reason that as those of Secretary Gresham. There is a belief here that the ministe

not return in any event for several months. Should the queen, in the end, be restored to power, it is quite certain that he will not be her accredited minister to the United States. The arrival of the minister at Honolulu may have an important bearing on the fu-ture relation between Minister Willis and the provisional government. The minister goes back with full knowledge of the con-

templated action of the administration, and will be able to present to the provisiona government information probably not pos-sessed by President Dole and his cabinet. Resistance to Liliuokalani's Restoration.

Knowing the unwillingness of Congress to sanction any resort to armed force for the restoration of the queen, Mr. Thurston can confidently press upon the Hawaiian government a policy of resistance, which will make the return of Liliuokalani to the throne impossible except through actual bloodshed. And the adoption of such a policy by President Dole can result only in the utter failure of the administration's present pupose of restoration by pacific means, or the embrollment of Mr. Cleve-land with Congress because of an unauthorized and extra-constitutional employment of military force.

STILL MORE CHARGES.

ber of Outside Questions.

The fun is now on full head in the Daven-port case and there is no telling where the matter will finally end. There have been service in Congress was so long that the criminations and recriminations during the week that the court has been in session. and enough has been developed to show that during her cruise around Samoa all it. was not as pleasant as it might have been on board the Nipsic and that the officers did not constitute altogether a happy family. Several of the officers have admitted that their feelings toward the applicant. Lieut. Davenport, were not the kindest, and now a young Washingtonian has appeared in print to make charges against Lieut, Purcell, who made charges against Lieut, Davenport. This young man was an apprentice on board the Nipsic at the time of as men. He claims that Lieut. Purcell himself was guilty of conduct not becoming an officer and that it was only through the efforts of his brother officers he was saved

in still water; it stirs up all sorts of trou-ble and one ring follows upon another, where before all was smooth and undisturbed. There is considerable regret among raval men that the case was ever brought out in any such public manner as a court of inquiry. They would rather that the whole matter might have been left alone or settled "out of court," on the principle of cleansing solled linen in the privacy of the action of the home.

Yesterday afternoon Lieut. P. G. Fill ette, who was in charge of the marine guard

of the Nipsic on shore at the time of the beaching of the vessel, was called. He was saw Lieut, Davenport, not having seen that gentleman swim ashore. It was some little time after the ship stranded that Lieut. Davenport walked into the consulate, clad, as the witness recollected, in a suit of have been a night shirt, which was afterlated on the beach concerning Lieut. Daven-port's conduct, but could not of his own knowledge testify that Davenport had swam soon after the beaching of the ship was that he wanted to be on hand to write an Davenport's lengthy written statement to the Secretary of the Navy was read over to Ensign Jones, who was officer of the deck will be brought to San Francisco on Monat the time of the beaching of the Nipsic.

Mr. Jones took exception to a number of Mr. Davenport's statements, and failed to Congress, and may expedite or delay the recall several of the incidents referred to.

BANK CURRENCY.

Representative Walker's Plan to Replace All Government Issues.

The Details of the Scheme to Relieve the Government of All Responsibility for Redemption.

According to the Latest Advices One of the most aggressive and determined advocates of financial reform in the House of Representatives is Representative Walker, republican, of Massachusetts. For years he has stood with a determined front against all of the attacks of the free silver ed the overthrow of the Sherman act, he has turned his attention to the betterment of the paper currency of the country. Mr. formed that Queen Liliuokalani was de- Walker has always contended that the govthroned, and that the new provisional gov- ernment had no right to burden itself with ernment wanted to have Hawaii annexed to this circulation, and in a measure he has the United States, has interest in the Ha- leaned toward the English system. He has run of 18.94 knots for four hours over the

arrival of vessels bringing news of what and currency, looking to the creation of an smithereens by the cold calculations of the happened when the policy of the President independent bank currency to replace all government trial board. the people of Honolulu placed officials of The details of this plan are concisely out-

> whatever, and thereby relieved of all expense and risk of maintaining any coin re-demption fund or coin measure of value, risk and expense of both to be devolved upon the banks by the operation of the bill, the bill to be so drawn as to cause each and every bank to assume proportionately the current redemption of a new greenback and practical destruction of the legal-tender note in its present form. The banks to accept a new greenback in place of the present one, and be responsible only for its present one, and be responsible only for its current redemption, and the United States government to be responsible for its final

redeniption.

2. The United States government, in the interest of the safety of banks, in order to protect the people from loss, to exercise, as now, and extend its thorough supervision over all banks and make public their con-

cause each and every bank to assume proportionately the current redemption and practical destruction of all treasury notes. 4. The banking bill to be so drawn as to cause each and every bank to assume pro-portionately the current redemption and practical destruction of the excess of silver certificates and to cause silver dollars to an equal amount to be covered into the treasury as bullion, but to leave in circulation as now every coined silver dollar we now have steamer due in San Francisco Monday sail-ed thence December 4, leaving 11 days to 5. To provide for the absolute safety of every circulating note.
6. Circulating notes shall be free of cost

> 7. The volume of circulating notes to be sufficiently elastic to expand to meet the extremest demands of the people and contract automatically so as never to exceed in volume the amount needed.

n volume the amount needed.

8. Circulating currency notes to be so issued as not to increase the interest paid on Francisco with the intention of sailing loans of capital, as is the case under ex-

and where most needed. 11. The United States government that vessel carried his dispatches as well act simply as custodian of coin and issue as those of Secretary Gresham.

> special occasions to provide temporary safeguards to deposits to dispel fear, in order to prevent the paralysis of business by the withdrawal of individual deposits from Washington to San Francisco. 18. All existing banks may reorganize im-

the expiration of their

mediately, or at the encharters, under the act. THE RETIRED LIST.

Representative Bailey's Effort to Abolish It Entirely. Representative Bailey of Texas, whose intention to begin a crusade against the retired list of the army, navy and federal judgeships was announced in The Star several weeks ago, said today that he will

before the military affairs and naval committees respectively. Mr. Bailey said that he will endeavor to ascertain if these committees intend to re-port the bills, and if they do not he will ask for their re-reference to the committee on judiciary and try to get them before the House from that committee. out anything."

the army and navy retired list are now

It seems to be the general impression ng members who are well posted that Mr. Bailey is entering upon a losing fight, or at least that he has a very hard strug gle before him. He is not the first southerner who has made the same effort. A mere mention of his name is sufficient to identify him, started this movement, never got anything more out of the matter than the reputation of having inaugurated

TWO DEFICIENCIES.

They Will Be Considered by the House Appropriations Committee Monday. A meeting of the subcommittee on appropriations having charge of the deficiency

bills will be called for next Monday morning at 10:30. Representative Breckinridge of elect O'Ferrall, and found it an easy task to defeat the incumbent, who opposed O'Fer-Kentucky, a member of the subcommittee, defeat the the Samoan disaster, and states that while has returned and will be present. The sub-rall for the democratic nomination last sum Lieut. Davenport was a strict disciplinarian committee has two deficiencies to act upon, he enforced discipline upon officers as well appropriations for the government printing committee has two deficiencies to act upon, office and for pensions.

It is understood that the republicans will Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. offer some remarks upon the deficiency bill from a court-martial.

And so it goes; it is like dropping a stone this deficiency arises from excessive expenditures in the special agents' division of of the general assembly, approved Decemthe pension office, in pursuing the policy of the present administration to wage war upon the pensioners in carrying out Secre-tary Smith's order for the suspension of pensions pending the production of proof by the beneficiaries that they are entitled to

said that the republicans will resent the action of the pension bureau in exceeding its allowances by spending such an excessive amount in endeavoring to produce proof against the pensioners.

HAWAIIAN CORRESPONDENCE. at the American consulate when he first It Will Be Sent to the Senate, but Not Before Tuesday.

After due deliberation by the President and cabinet it has been practically concluded that it will not be "incompatible with public interests" to furnish the Senate pajamas, though on cross-examination witness was not sure whether or not it might with the information it needs for a proper consideration of the Hawaiian question. have been a light and heard for a pair of overalls. That conclusion does not necessarily mean Lieut. Fillette had heard the stories circuthat the information will be supplied withfor a pair of overalls. That conclusion does not necessarily mean out further delay. It means merely that the Hawalian correspondence will be sent He also heard some one say that to the Senate when there is no longer danthe reason the applicant swam ashore so ger of its possible use to interfere with the avowed purpose of the administration of restoring the queen, or until the administra-tion is persuaded by popular opinion to abardon that policy.

Chilean government aggregate nearly \$25,-000,000. The principal one of these is that of the North and South American Construcintelligent report of the proceedings.

Yesterday a considerable portion of Lieut. tion is persuaded by popular opinion to 000,000.

over ten years ago and she married a Baltimore man and was divorced from him, and she was married again and divorced. Now she was married again and divorced. Now she is in the treasury, not under her more fair, became partially disabled when the versessel was outside of Valletta, Malta. She was docked.

It took the entire morning today to read over the years ago and she married a Baltimore man and was divorced from him, and vering as will compel what is left of the verse as will compel what is left of the verse as will compel what is left of the verse as will compel what is left of the verse as will compel what is left of the verse as will compel what is left of the verse as will compel what is left of the verse as will compel what is left of the verse as that the request of the Senate for the court his declining years by presenting each of the candidate of all factions, if that can be the candidate of all factions of the senate for the court of the senate for the court condition of their kindness to her husband in his declining years by presenting each of the world.

The Chilean congress has prohibited the the will as the request of the Senate for the court look as respondence will not be complied with be brought about, and he is believed to be the candidate of all factions, if that can be the candidate of all factions of the world.

The Chilean congress has prohibited the the allies, the court look as recent in that department, and wering as will compel what is left of the vering as will compel what is left of the vering as will compel what is left of the vering as will compel what is left of the vering as will compel what is left of the court look the entire morning today to read over the records of yesterday's sessions, and that the request of the Senate for the court look the entire morning today to read the vering as will compel what is left of the vering as will compel what is left of the vering as will compel what is left of the vering as will compel what is left of the vering as will compel what is lef ecall several of the incidents referred to.

It took the entire morning today to read from Minister Willis. One thing settled is were \$606,528; customs, \$321,959.

AVERAGE CUT DOWN.

Speed of the Marblehead Reduced to 18.44 Knots.

THE BUILDERS MUCH DISAPPOINTED

Will Get \$50,000 Less Than They Expected.

ERRORS IN CALCULATION.

BOSTON, Dec. 9 .- A New London, Conn., special to the Herald says: The Bostonbuilt cruiser Marblehead's glorious average Long Island sound official seventy-two-mile

This board, after figuring out the tidal allowances, as turned in by the six governthe various executive departments on the qui vive.

Indeed by Mr. Walker as follows:

1. The United States government to be completely relieved from any responsibility for the current redemption of any circulating government or bank currency notes in the Marblehead is "not in it" for a \$175,000 to make the marblehead is "not in it" for a \$175,000 t bonus, nor even for \$150,000. She is, in fact, far behind her sister ship, the Detroit.

The contract for the Marblehead called for a speed of seventeen knots. For every quarter knot over this the builders receive \$25,000 and for every quarter knot below it they would forfelt \$25,000. On Thursday it was supposed that the

Marblehead had certainly made for her builders \$175,000; now it is seen that she can claim but \$125,000. They may demand a new trial, however. They can do so, if they wish, but Mr. N. F. Palmer, the rep-resentative of the assignees who had charge of the completion of the ship, was unable to say last night what action would be taken until he consulted with all of the assignees. The strong ebb tide on the Marbiehead's second half of her run Thursday—the east-3. The banking bill to be so drawn as to ern-bound run— it appears, cut down the cruiser's time. While the people on the ship supposed she

was making fast time, the force of the tide had to be deducted from her apparent speed and reduced her actual running time greatly. Another handicap for the Marbiehead was the fact that her twin screws had less pitch than those used on the Detroit. Consequently, although the Marblehead's screws Thursday made more revolutions than the Detroit's, her speed was not so great. The Marblehead's wheels were of the prescribed government pattern. The Detroit's builders, it is said, used wheels of their own de

The Marblehead's builders are at liberty to demand a new trial at once, but she is in no condition to make the run now, and the trial fleet has been disbanded. The Marble-head will repair her steering gear and go to New York today. Her builders are great-ly disappointed. The Detroit is still queen of the 2,000-ton cruisers. She made 18.71 knots in her speed trial and carried off \$150,000 bonus.

MR. CASTLE HAS DOUBTS

He Hardly Believes the Latest Report of Minister Willis' Words CHICAGO, Dec. 9 .- Minister Thurston of Hawaii and H. N. Castle, editor of the Honolulu Advertiser, spent a few hours in Chicago last evening on their way from

Just before their departure on a Chicago

and Northwestern train at 10:30 p.m. Minister Thurston was told of the news received by the Transit. He evinced deep interest in it, but said he was not in a position to know whether it was correct or incorrect and therefore did not wish to be quoted or interviewed regarding it. Mr. Castle said: "I should regard it as destitute of the slightest shadow of probaof Minister Willis' official actions. They have been uniformly dictatorial and audacious. If it is true Minister Willis promised to support the provisional government it was different from anything else done by push his fight at an early day. The bills this administration, and I regard it as high ly improbable. The armed force referred to is a body of riflemen organized many years providing for the virtual abolishment of ago. It numbers about 1,100 men and every man of them is for the provisional govern-ment. It is useless to talk about affairs in Hawaii now, for no one knows anything. Minister Thurston says that he does not know anything, and I have no doubt that that is true, for the administration has taken good care to keep him from finding

Mr. Castle will sail from San Francisco to Honolulu at the earliest opportunity.

in Last Night's Caucus.

ELECTED AT RICHMOND The State Officers of Virginia Chosen

cial Dispatch to The Evening Star. RICHMOND, Va., Dec. 9 .- At 12:30 today both branches of the assembly, in joint session, elected state officers as follows: Reelected-Col. Morton Marye, first auditor; Joslah Ryland, second auditor; A. W. Harman, treasurer; Maj. W. R. Gaines, register of the land office; Gen. Jas. C. Hill, railroad commissioner; J. H. O'Bannon, public printer, and B. W. Lynn, superintendent of the penitentiary.
Mr. Joseph T. Lawless of Portsmouth, who defeated Judge H. W. Flournoy for secretary of state in the caucus last night, was

elected by the joint assembly today.

Mr. Lawless was championed by Governor-

A Local Bill at Richmond. RICHMOND, Va., Dec. 9.-The bill change ing the time for commencing the construction of the railroad authorized under the act ber 20, 1889, incorporating the Washington and Western Railroad Company and com-pleting the main line referred to therein and under the amendments thereof, was

CHILEAN CLAIMS FILED

passed by the house of representatives to-

Yesterday was the last day for the filing of claims before the Chilean claims commission. There were forty-two claims in all presented, three of them against the United States. The principal one of these latter is that of the South American Steamship Company of Chile for \$227,000, growing out of the seizure of the steamer Itata. The other two claims were filed by Ricardo L. Trumbull, who became prominent during the Chilean war as agent of that country in the United States. He claims \$22,000 on account of his arrest at Los Angeles on a charge of violating the neutrality laws in fitting out the schooner Robert and Minnie. Mr.Trumbull also claims \$6,000 for professional ser vices alleged to have been rendered to the United States legation at Santiago in con nection with the extradition of one Bush nell, alias Hanson. The thirty-nine claims filed against the

The news of the situation in Hawaii that \$6,500,000, on account of railroad construction Company of Kentucky, amounting to

Government Receipts Today. The receipts from internal revenue today